# FEEDBACK EXPERIENCE ON NEW PERSONNAL CONTAMINATION MONITORS AT THE EXIT OF THE RCA IN THE EDF NPPs

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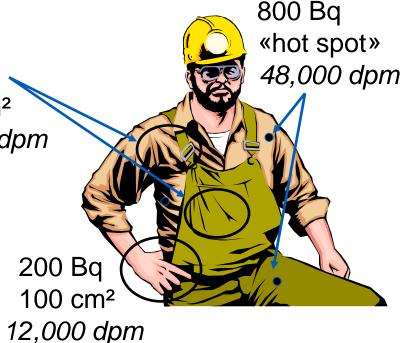


### Introduction: EDF specifications

Values of contamination to be detected at the exit of the RCA:

> 400 Bq 100 cm<sup>2</sup> 24,000 dpm

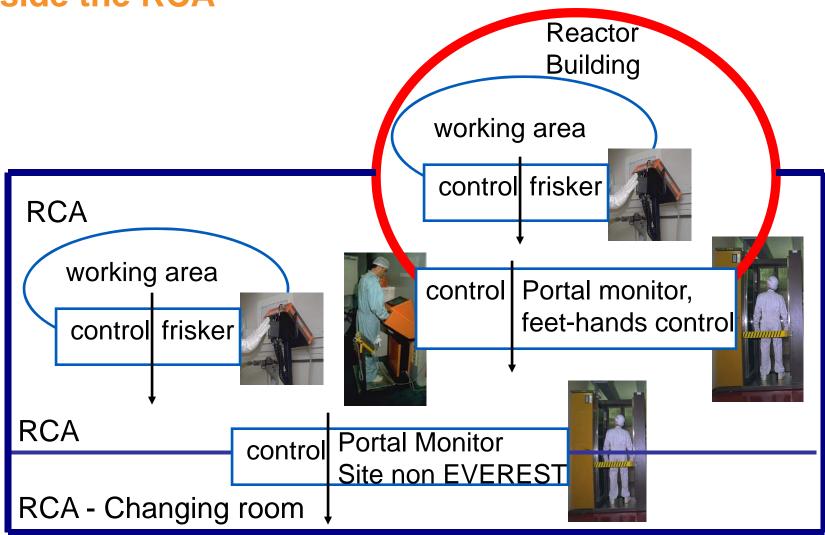
Nota Bene: Bq equivalent Co-60, calibration contact for hands, 5 cm for body (2 inches)



- Localisation of the contamination.
- Separating the outer surface contamination and the inner one
- For each control, 2 thresholds are used :
  - The first one corresponds to « Routine » contamination → alert level (see above)
  - $\blacksquare$  The second one corresponds to a high contamination  $\rightarrow$  alarm level (3kBq), immediate RP action (decon + dose assessment)

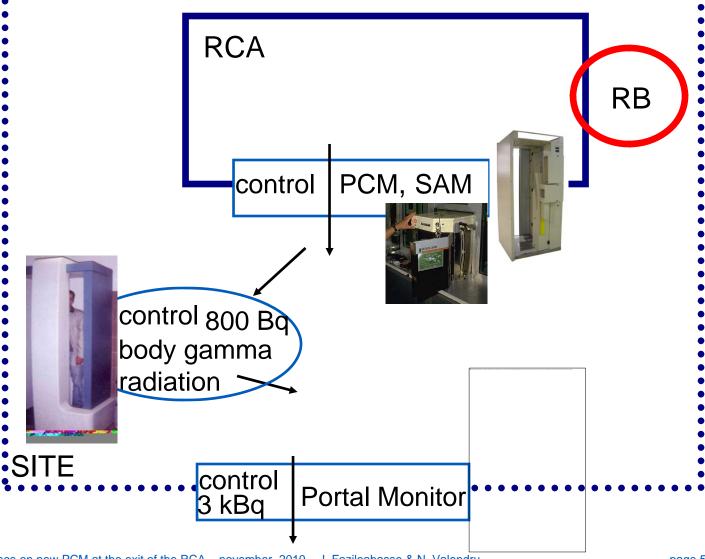
Chain of radiological control for workers:

inside the RCA





# Chain of radiological control for workers: at the exit of the RCA, at the exit of the site

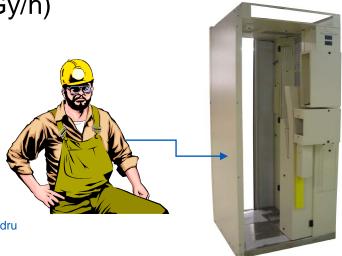




#### **Characteristics of new PCM / exit RCA (1/2)**

- Former PCM designed in 1980's : beta detector, many zones not checked like workers sides and arms
- new PCM
  - control in 2 steps
  - beta and gamma detectors
  - lacktriangleright specific treatments for the  $\gamma$  detector which is very sensitive to the  $\gamma$  background :
    - Compensation of the attenuation by the worker (until 300 Bq)
    - $\checkmark$  Fluctuation of the  $\gamma$  background (±100 nGy/h)
    - High level of γ background (200 nGy/h)



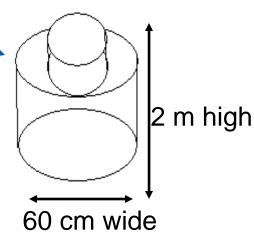


#### Characteristics of new PCM / exit RCA (2/2)

Specifics EDF needs, in addition of IEC, NF EN 61098 standard



- Automatic door at the exit and a barrier at the entrance
- Door pocket to control small personnel items \_
- Sum zones alarms with double, triple, quad detectors, front side and back side to create virtual bigger detector
- Elliptical and bigger phantom



IEC, NF EN

1098 standard



# **EDF** equipment from 2006

• 150 PCM purchased for the equipment of 9 NPPs 26 Units (10 M€)

• Panamath

• Pana

EDF = 19 NPPs 58 units

- 3 models of PCM :
  - RTM 860 TS from RADOS (MIRION Group)
  - TSE from RADOS (MIRION Group)
  - ARGOS 5 with gamma option from CANBERRA







Nogent

Belleville

Bugey

Cruas-Meysse

Tricastin

Greys Malville

Dampierre

St-Alban

Golfech

St-Laurent

Blavais

Chinon

Civaux



essenheim

## **EDF** equipment in the future

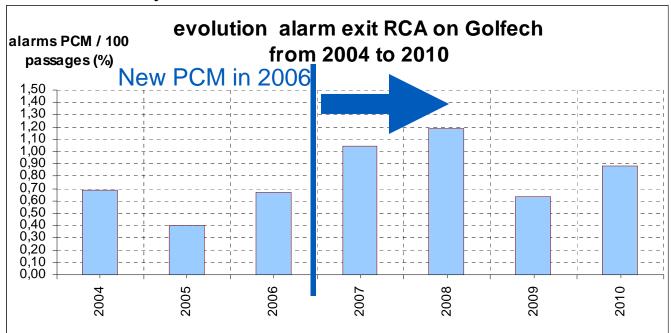
- 2 NPPs + EPR (5 units) will be equipped in 2011 : call for tender at the moment for 43 PCM
- The last 8 NPPs (28 units) will be equipped between 2012 and 2014 with 160 or 180 PCM (10 M€)





### Feedback experience from the first years: alarms

First, an increase in the number of alarms at the exit of the RCA and then a stability



Reasons: Lower threshold and statistics setting 97.5% detection probability and 0.15% false alarms

- Control covering the whole body (no more unchecked zones)
- Decrease in the number of alarms at the exit of the site

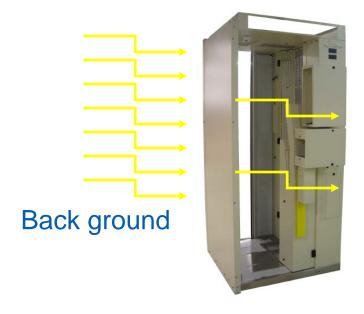


#### Feedback experience from the first years : $\gamma$ detectors

gamma detectors very sensitive to the surrounding disturbances

- Some precautions concerning the installation and the organisation are needed:
  - Shielding γ detector by lead wall
  - Maximum weight at ground level ( < 1.200 kg/m² for EDF)</li>





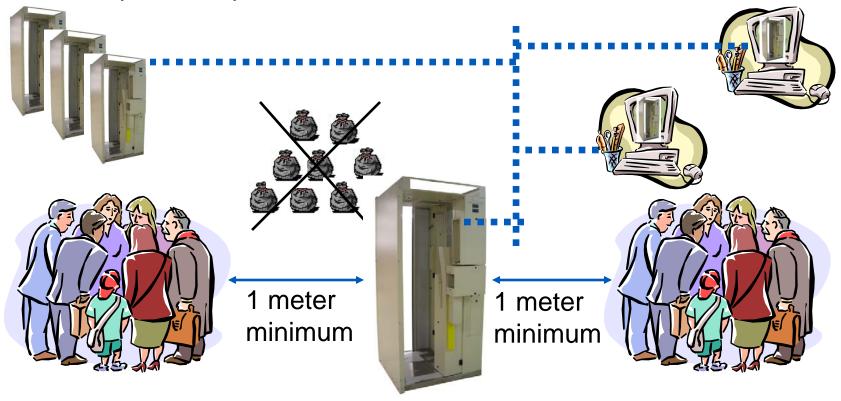


#### Feedback experience from the first years

(continuation with gamma detectors)

- Eliminate storage of irradiated stuff nearby
- Ensure that workers are waiting 1 meter in front of and behind the PCM (mass effect)

An other point: Supervision of PCM to have overall vision





#### **Conclusions**

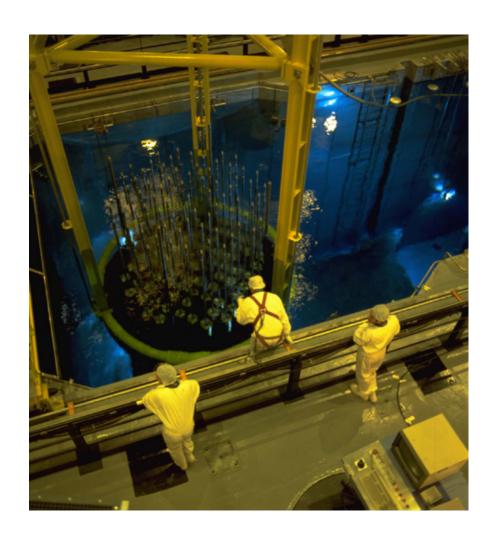
#### **Hardware point of view:**

- Existing PCM with beta-gamma detection need to be improved and to be better adapted to the background in PWR NPP
- Adjustment on the plant to respect control in 2 x 20 s maximum
- Qualification of monitors must be performed with physical sources in addition to the conformity with the IEC, NF EN standard

#### User's point of view:

- New PCM at the exit of the RCA essential to have a reliable control
- Performance of PCM together with a strict organisation make possible to improve and control radiological cleanliness









# Thank you for your attention







