IAEA OCCUPATIONAL RADIATION PROTECTION ACTIVITIES OF INTEREST

TO

ISOE

2003 International ISOE ALARA Symposium Monday, 13, January 2003 Orlando, Florida

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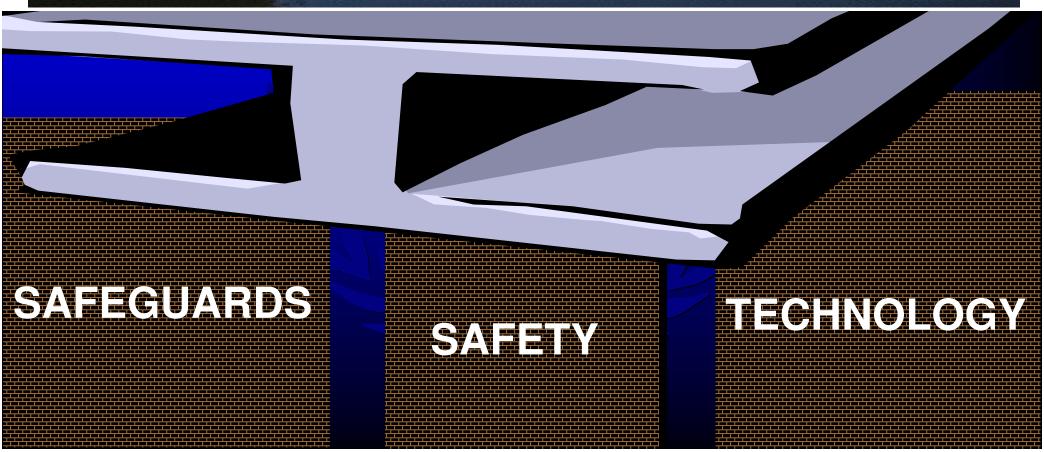
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BACKGROUND

THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY





IAEA RADIATION SAFETY FUNCTIONS

IAEA FUNCTIONS
IN RADIATION SAFETY

to facilitate and service international conventions and other undertakings

to establish standards of radiation safety

to provide for the application of international standards

INTERNATIONAL RADIATION SAFETY REGIME

BINDING CONVENTIONS

✓ INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

✓ PROVISIONS FOR APPLICATIONS

INTERNATIONAL SAFETY REGIME

✓ BINDING CONVENTIONS

VINTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

✓ PROVISIONS FOR APPLICATIONS

CONVENTION ON NUCLEAR SAFETY

Article 15. Radiation protection:

that in all operational states the radiation exposure to the workers and the public caused by a nuclear installation shall be kept as low as reasonably achievable and that no individual shall be exposed to radiation doses which exceed prescribed national dose limits.

INTERNATIONAL SAFETY REGIME

✓ BINDING CONVENTIONS

VINTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

✓ PROVISIONS FOR APPLICATIONS

HIERARCHY OF INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS



Requirements

Guides

Assessment of Occupational Exposure Due to External Sources of Radiation

JOINTLY SPONSORED BY THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY AND THE INTERNATIONAL LABOUR OFFICE





SAFETY GUIDE

No. RS-G-1.3



Occupational Radiation Protection

JOINTLY SPONSORED BY THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY AND THE INTERNATIONAL LABOUR OFFICE





SAFETY GUIDE

No. RS-G-1.1



INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY

Assessment of Occupational Exposure Due to Intakes of Radionuclides

JOINTLY SPONSORED BY THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY AND THE INTERNATIONAL LABOUR OFFICE





SAFETY GUIDE

No. RS-G-1.2

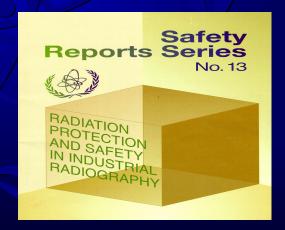


INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY VIENNA

IAEA SAFETY REPORTS

- IAEA Safety Reports Series
 - provide illustrative and technical ways of ensuring safety and fostering information exchange





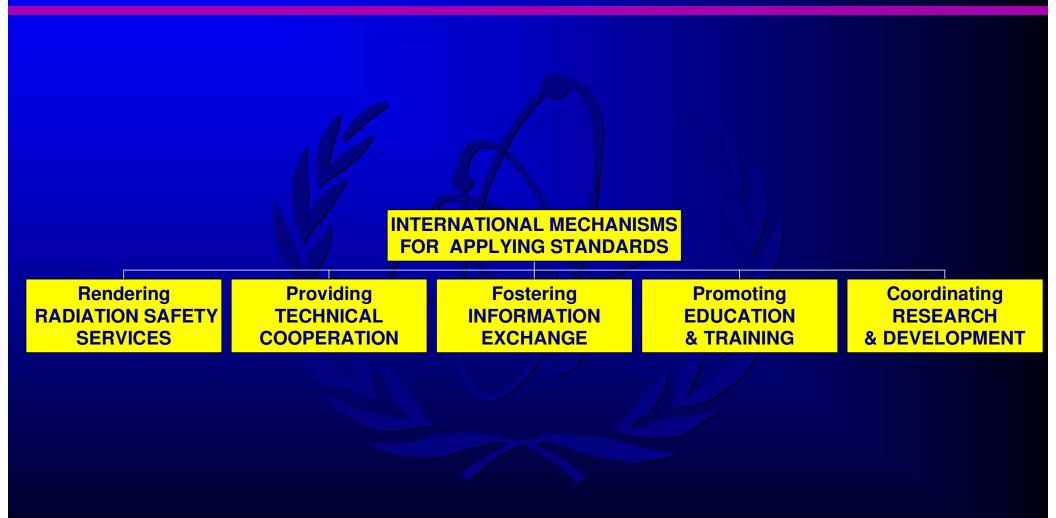
INTERNATIONAL SAFETY REGIME

✓ BINDING CONVENTIONS

✓ INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

✓ PROVISIONS FOR APPLICATIONS

APPLICATION of RADIATION SAFETY STANDARDS



PROVIDING ASSISTANCE

> 80 Technical Co-operation Action Plans;

 80 Country Radiation & Waste Profiles;

> 30 peer review missions.



RENDERING SERVICES

• Services are available on request;

 Services/Appraisals for Member States.



FOSTERING INFORMATION EXCHANGE

6 Major meetings; and

 44 Advisory meetings on the application of radiation safety standards.



PROMOTING EDUCATION AND TRAINING

 > 45 Educational and training courses on radiation safety.

> 1500 Participants.



SAFETY GUIDES, REPORTS & OTHER ACTIVITIES

SAFETY GUIDES

- ORPGUIDE
 - CD-ROM released end of 2000
- Radiation Protection and Radioactive Waste Management in the Operation of Nuclear Power Plants
 - Expected to be published in December 2002
- Design Aspects of Radiation Protection for Nuclear Power Plants
 - Draft to SS Committees in December 2002

SAFETY REPORTS

- Optimization of Radiation Protection in the Control of Occupational Exposure
 - Published early 2002, being translated into all IAEA languages
- Occupational Protection in the Decommissioning of Nuclear Facilities
 - Draft available
- Safety Report on Work Management Issues Related to the Use of Contractors and Itinerant Workers (advanced draft available)

OTHER ACTIVITIES

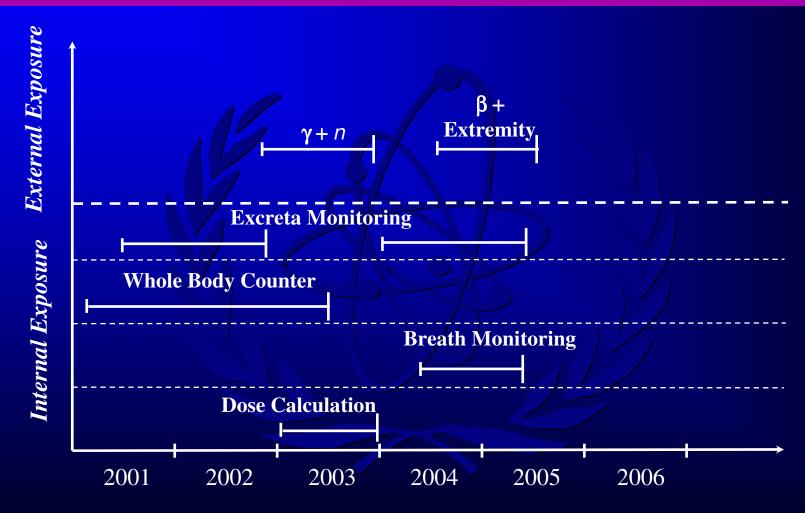
- Development guidance for decision aiding on the probability of causation from occupational exposure
 - Informal IAEA/ILO/WHO meeting held December 2000, TCM planned for 2003
 - RADIOR in English on the IAEA Web site
- ALARA training material in English and Russian
 - available on CD-ROM

ALARA COURSES 1 AND 2

Course material on CD-ROM - in English and Russian

- Slides- PowerPoint file
- Lecturers help Word file
- Reference papers Word files
- Reference papers on examples of ALARA implementation - Word files

Current & Future Activities for Harmonization of Radiological Quantities



K.Mrabit

ORPAS

OCCUPATIONAL
RADIATION
PROTECTION
APPRAISAL
SERVICE.

OCCUPATIONAL RADIATION PROTECTION APPRAISAL SERVICE: ORPAS

Objectives:

- Provide objective assessment of the national occupational radiation protection prog.
- Identify and disseminate best practices.
- Promote self-assessment.
- Identify improvements and make recommendations for their implementation.

The first ORPAS mission - including Krsko NPP - Slovenia in July 2001

TECHNICAL CO-OPERATION PROJECTS

REGIONAL TC PROJECT FOR EUROPE

Enhancing occupational radiation protection in NPPs

- Project will continue in 2003-2004
- New task: Self- assessment of occupational radiation protection in NPPs

Regional TC project for East Asia

Improving occupational radiation protection in NPPs

- ALARA training material available
- ALARA action plan adopted for designated NPPs; results being evaluated
 - recognized good ALARA practices will be disseminated
- Self-assessment will be introduced

MODEL PROJECTS ON UPGRADING RADIATION PROTECTION INFRASTRUCTURE

Countries (since 2001) participating in the Model Project on Upgrading Radiation Protection Infrastructure

Africa	East Asia & the Pacific	West Asia	Latin America	Europe
28	12	11	14	19

AREAS COVERED BY THE MODEL PROJECTS

- Legislation and regulations.
- Regulatory Authority.
- Notification, Authorization and Control.
- Inventory of radiation sources and installations.
- Occupational/Exposure Control.
- Medical Exposure Control.
- Public Exposure Control.
- Emergency Preparedness & Response.

STAUS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF MODEL PROJECTS

32 peer review missions in 1999-2001:

Status end 2001:

- 80% have an operational national programme for individual monitoring
- **60% have an operational national programme for workplace monitoring**



INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IN 2002











INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON

OCCUPATIONAL RADIATION PROTECTION:

PROTECTING WORKERS AGAINST EXPOSURE TO IONIZING RADIATION

hosted by the Government of Switzerland in Geneva, 26-30 August 2002

PARTICIPATION

- 328 participants
- 72 countries represented
- 33 participants from 12 organizations
- 71 papers presented as posters (out of 122 contributed papers)

TOPICAL SESSIONS

- Radiation risks in the workplace in perspective
- Infrastructure development
- Implementation of Basic Safety Standards
- Monitoring
- ORP in medicine
- ORP in workplaces involving natural radiation
- ORP in industrial and research facilities
- ORP in nuclear facilities
- Probability of causation of occupational harm due to radiation exposure

ROUND TABLE SESSIONS

- Is the co-operation between regulators, employers and workers achieving optimum ORP?
- Has the continued improvement in radiation protection standards gone far enough in comparison with standards for other hazards?
- Can control of occupational exposure to natural sources be made compatible with controls of occupational exposure to artificial radiation?

ROUND TABLE SESSIONS (CONT'D)

- What are the main problems in operational implementation of radiation protection standards?
- Is there a need for a major change in ICRP recommendations involving occupational exposure?

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE IN PERSPECTIVE

- UNSCEAR underestimates the number of exposed workers
 - 10 million underground workers in China
- International standards are satisfactory
- Risks are comparable to those from other occupational hazards
- Optimization should be supported, e.g through ALARA Networks
- Focus on higher individual doses, above ~2 mSv/a
- Objectives of optimization are related to local circumstances

K.Mrabit

IMPLEMENTATION OF BASIC SAFETY STANDARDS

- The IAEA Model Project is a good example of international co-operation
- •ALARA Networks useful
- Identify workers likely to be subject to higher exposures
- •Female workers: chronic intake may pose a risk to embryo/foetus
- Update ILO Convention 115
- •Integrate ORP with other health and safety measures

NUCLEAR FACILITIES

- More attention to ORP than in other practices
- The ALARA principle has been applied

NUCLEAR FACILITIES (cont'd)

- Future concerns
 - High individual doses
 - **Itinerant workers and contractors**
 - More involvement of the workers
 - Time, distance, shielding, awareness
 - Optimization in decommissioning and in
 - old facilities
 - Maintaining competence

MONITORING OF OCCUPATIONAL RADIATION EXPOSURES

- Individual monitoring for neutron, beta and internal exposure is still a challenge
- Optimization of monitoring practices is another concern
- Standardization of data formats for recording and reporting is required

MONITORING OF OCCUPATIONAL RADIATION EXPOSURES (cont'd)

Some countries have not updated their regulations based on the recent International BSS; different quantities and non SI units are hindering the international communication

PROBABILITY OF CAUSATION OF OCCUPATIONAL HARM

- Occupationally exposed workers will develop cancer
- Some countries use schemes for compensation
- Compensation schemes should be scientifically and evidence based

PROBABILITY OF CAUSATION OF OCCUPATIONAL HARM (cont'd)

- Dose reconstruction is an essential component
- Stakeholder involvement is strongly desirable
- International co-operation is needed to develop guidance

IS A MAJOR CHANGE IN ICRP RECOMMENDATIONS NEEDED?

- For occupational exposure major changes do not seem necessary.
 - Attention should be given to the most exposed workers
 - Worldwide agreed standard level of protection needed
 - Optimization is the main tool
 - Exposure to natural radiation deserves attention
 - Define amenability to control
 - Clarification of terminology necessary, particularly with regard to detriment

OVERALL OUTPUTS

- Participants highly appreciated the Conference
 - Holistic approach to ORP
 - "Intelligent" discussions
 - Developing and developed countries participated
 - Different stakeholders presented their views
- Nine specific recommendations for action
- •GC formulate an International Action Plan in cooperation with ILO and other relevant bodies

IMPACT ON FUTURE PROGRAMME

- Harmonize terminologies and interpretations of requirements, incl. ILO Convention 115
- Collaborate closely with ILO
- Widen ISOE ALARA Networks
- Produce training packages
- Disseminate lessons learned
- Develop guidance on natural radiation
- Develop guidance on probability of causation



Further information

http://www.iaea.org/ns/rasanet/

Thank you!