### Countermeasure of Fukushima and Benchmark Visits

International ISOE ALARA Tokyo Symposium
Aug 27-28, 2013
Aug 29 Fukushima Site Visit

Severe Accident Management (SAM) Chairman
Wataru MIZUMACHI

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- 1 Japanese Utilities prepared to restart plants
- 2. New Society NUSU just starts
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Fort Calhoun, Peach Bottom, Vogtle, Zion, Chelnobyl

- 4.IAEA Expert comments
- 5. Conolusions

# 1. Japanese Ten Utilities prepared to restart their plants

- Countermeasure of Fukushima
  - 1. Diversity of Power Supply using Gas Turbine
  - 2. Cooling water supply system for the core
  - 3. Diversity of Instrumentation system
  - 4. Strengthen the refueling pool and so on

Strengthen the Training and Drill

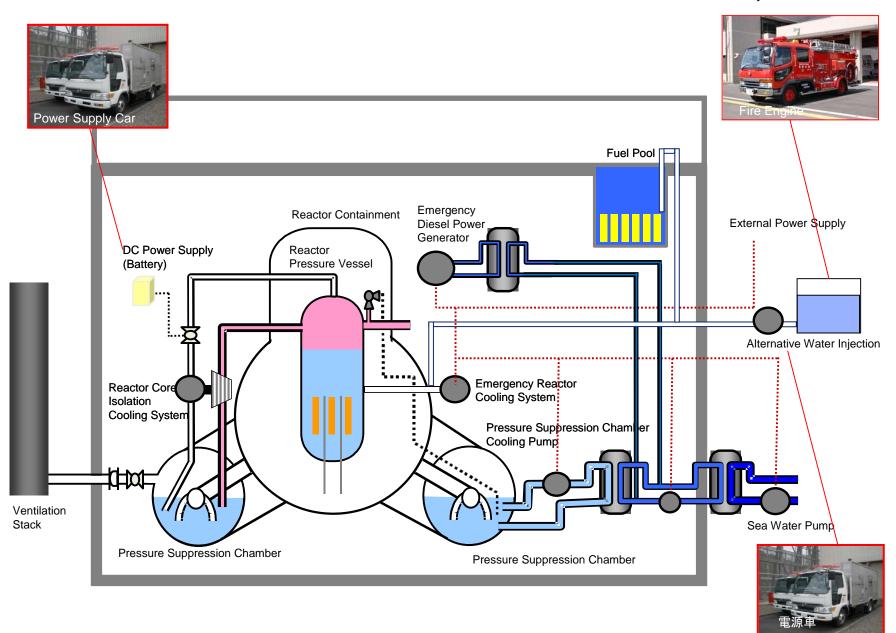
#### **Efforts to restore the Accident**

Red colored: newly added to the previous version, Blue colored: modified from the previous version

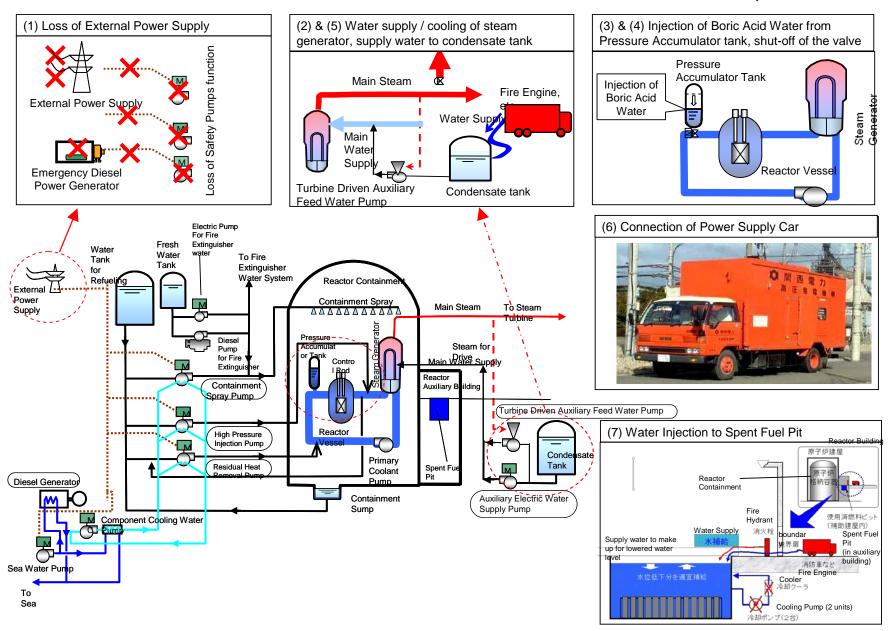
Issues		As of April 17		Step 1 (around 3 months)rent status		Step 2 (around 3 to 6 months after achieving Step 1)		Mid-term issues
I. Cooling	(←) Reactor	Fresh water Injection	(ir Considera reuse d	y minimum injection rate njection cooling)  ation and preparation of of accumulated water   Nitrogen gas injection  Consideration and implementation of sealing measure at leaking points of PCV  Improvement of work environment	Stable cooling	Circulating Injection Cooing (continued)  PCV flooding  Securing heat exchange function	Cold shutdown condition	Protection against corrosion cracking of structural materials  *to be partially implemented ahead of schedule
	(∾)Spent Fuel Pool	Fresh water injection		Reliability improvement in injection operation /remote-control operation *ahead of schedule  Circulation cooling system (installation of heat exchanger) *partially ahead of schedule	Stable cooling	Remote-controlled injection operation  Consideration / installation of heat exchanging function	More stable cooling	Removal of fuels
II. Mitigation	(α) Accumulated Water	with level	isferring water high radiation I ing water with low ation level	Installation of storage / processing facilities  Installation of storage facilities / decontamination processing	Secure storage place	Expansion of storage / processing facilities  Decontamination / Desalt processing (reuse), etc  Storage / management of sludge waste etc.  Mitigation of contamination in the ocean	Reduction of total amount of contaminated water	Installation of full-fledged water processing facilities  Completion of processing of accumulated water in buildings  Processing of sludge waste etc.  Mitigation of contamination in the ocean (continued)
	(4) Ground water	(4) Ground		Mitigation of contamination of groundwater	Mitigate ocean contamination	(Sub-drainage management with expansion of storage / processing facilities)  Consideration of shielding wall of groundwater	Mitigate ocean Contamination (continued)	Solidification of contaminated soil, etc  Establishment of shielding wall of groundwater
n	(ت) Atmosphere / Soil	Dispersion of inhibitor  Removal of debris		Mitigate scattering	Installing reactor building cover (with ventilation system)  Consideration of reactor building container	Mitigate n scattering (continued)	Installation of reactor building container	

#### Overview of Major Countermeasures in the Power Station as of June 17 Red colored: newly added to the previous version Cooling of spent fuel pool by Reactor building cover (5, 50, 54, 55) external water injection (18, 22, 28) piping heat exchangers, pumps water processing Sampling of steam/pool water and measurement of Full-fledged container (50, 56) facilities radioactive materials (19) Storage/process of low Circulation cooling of spent fuel pool (23, 24, 25, 27) radiation-level water Storage / management (33, 35, 40, 46) of sludge waste etc. (81) Lower the amount of steam generated (4) Maintain and enhance countermeasures in Step 1 if needed (17) Processing high radiation-level water (31,34,38,41,43,44) illui. Reactor A PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE Nitrogen gas injection (2, 11, 15) Tank **Hillin** Buildina hin hin Water processing facility կկլիկ Storage: tanks, megafloats, barges (Decontamination and կկլի Process: decontamination by zeolite desalt processing) PCV venting (with filtration) (10) Primary Containment Cooling at minimum water injection rate Vessel (PCV) (7,12,14)Storage of high radiation-level water Flooding up to top of active fuel Reuse of processed water (45) (30, 32, 37, 39, 42) (3, 9)(Implement circulation cooling system) Reactor Pressure Turbine Building Vessel (RPV) Steam Turbine Heat Exchanger Additionally-installed Tank Centralized Waste Installation of heat exchangers Processing Building (13)Condenser Injection of fresh water with pumps (1) Suppression Dispersion of inhibitor (47, 48, 52) Chamber Removal of debris (49, 53) Processing of sub-drainage water Preventive measures Sealing the leakage location Consideration of countermeasures for contaminated soil after being pumped up (36) against leakage of (6.16)high radiation-level water Prevent contamination of groundwater (66,67); Seismic assessment (20), Continued monitoring (21), (29)Consideration of shielding wall of groundwater(68) (Unit 4) Installation of supporting structure under the bottom of spent fuel pool (26) Prevent contamination Improvement of life/work in the ocean (64) environment of workers(74,75); Continue/Enhance monitoring Install various interconnecting lines of offsite power(8); Isolation of high-level improvement of site environment(76) (55~62), Consideration of enhance countermeasures against tsunami (69,70); radioactive water planning of reinforcement work of each Unit (71); various necessary measures to reduce Enhancement of radiation control (77,78); (65)radiation dose (63) countermeasures of radiation shielding (72,73) Enhancement of medical system (79,80)

#### Series of Events and Countermeasures in case of tsunami, for BWR



#### Series of Events and Countermeasures in case of tsunami, for PWR





**Electric Power Supply Car at Ikata NPS on Aug 2012** 



Portable Water Supply Pumps at Ikata NPS on Aug 2012



Under Water Pumps at Ikata NPS on Aug 2012



Anti-Seismic Rubbers under Main Office Building at Ikata NPS on Aug 2012

# 2.New Japanese Society just starts NUSU Society for Nuclear Safety and Utilization

# NUSU: Society for NUclear Safety and Utilization

- NUSU starts this August headed by Dr. Arima, the former Minister of Education, Technology and Science
- Main Activities
  - 1. Restore Fukushima Area
  - 2. Encourage the Nuclear Safety and Utilization to restore Japanese Economy
  - 3. Make the bridge between the Nuke Technology, People and Local Business

# NUSU: Society for NUclear Safety and Utilization

- Member (Manager to Worker)
   All Stakeholders, Utility ,Bender, Professor,
   Journalist, Local Business, and so on
- Anual Fee
  - A Member: Free
  - B Member: 10 US Doller
- I was nominated as the Chairman of International Affairs.

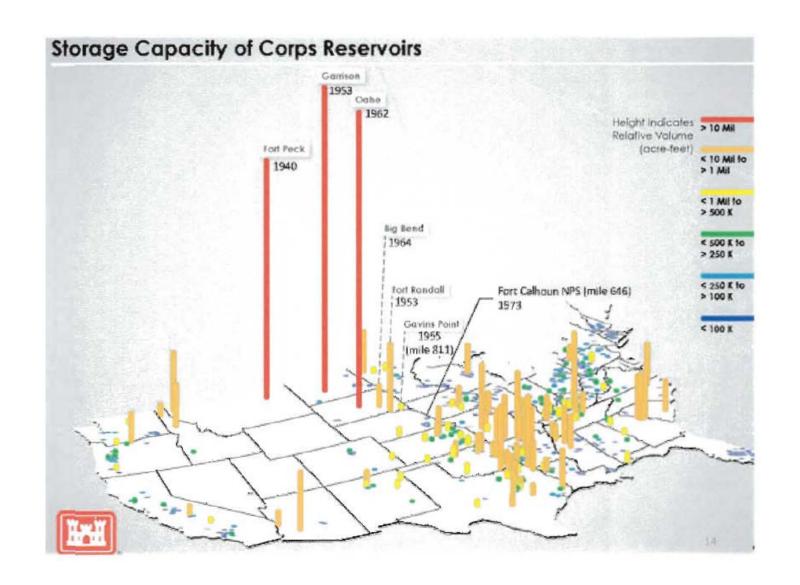
#### 3. Benchmark Visits

Fort Calhoun NPP
Zion NPP
Peach Bottom NPP
Vogtle NPP
Chelnobyl NPP

### Fort Calhoun NPP Visit and Restart Process

2013.2.19

478Mw CE PWR
Commercial Operation Sep 1973



#### Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir System



- Heavy Snowfall in Montana: Photo Taken June 17, 2011
- Spring Snow Melt
   Flows to Missouri & Mississippi Rivers.





 Fort Calhoun PWR Station Nebraska, USA





 Cooper BWR Station on Mississippi River, Summer 2011







#### UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

REGION IV 1600 EAST LAMAR BLVD ARLINGTON, TEXAS 76011-4511

June 11, 2012

CAL 4-12-002

David J. Bannister, Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Station FC-2-4 P.O. Box 550 Fort Calhoun, NE 68023-0550

SUBJECT: CONFIRMATORY ACTION LETTER - FORT CALHOUN STATION

Dear Mr. Bannister:

This letter confirms the actions Omaha Public Power District (OPPD) will take prior to the restart of Fort Calhoun Station. Enclosed is an NRC-developed list of actions that will be completed by the NRC prior to restart of Fort Calhoun Station. The purpose of the Restart Checklist is to verify that the issues that resulted in the prolonged performance decline at Fort Calhoun Station are resolved. The Restart Checklist includes an assessment of each of the key attributes described in NRC Inspection Procedure 95003, "Supplemental Inspection for Repetitive Degraded Cornerstones, Multiple Degraded Cornerstones, Multiple Yellow Inputs or One Red Input." The scope of the items in the Restart Checklist will ensure the facility can be safely operated if restart is approved. OPPD has committed to complete specific actions listed in the Restart Checklist.

On December 13, 2011, the NRC informed you via letter<sup>1</sup> that Fort Calhoun Station transitioned to IMC 0350, "Oversight of Reactor Facilities in a Shutdown Condition due to Significant Performance and/or Operational Concerns." The IMC 0350 process was implemented at Fort Calhoun Station when the entry conditions were met. These conditions included the plant being in an extended shutdown with significant performance problems, and a significant operational event involving a fire in safety-related electrical switchagear on June 7, 2011.

The NRC recognizes that OPPD initiated a comprehensive review at Fort Calhoun Station to identify the causes for performance issues, identify and review the extent of cause and extent of condition related to these performance issues to fully understand the breadth of performance issues at Fort Calhoun Station, and implement corrective actions to address these performance issues. In addition, OPPD continues to assess any long term flooding effects from the 2011 Missouri River flood on Fort Calhoun Station systems, structures, and components.

<sup>1</sup> Agencywide Document Access and Management System (ADAMS) Accession No. ML113470721

#### U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Manual Chapter 0350 Panel Fort Calhoun Station Restart Checklist

#### Item Number Description **Closure Date** Causes of Significant Performance Deficiencies and Assessment of Organizational Effectiveness 1.a Flooding Issue - Yellow finding 1.b Reactor Protection System contact failure - White finding 1.c Electrical bus modification and maintenance - Red finding 1.d Security - Greater than green findings 1.e Third-Party Safety Culture Assessment 1.f Integrated Organizational Effectiveness Assessment Flood Restoration and Adequacy of Structures, 2 Systems, and Components Flood Recovery Plan actions associated with facility and 2.a system restoration System readiness for restart following extended plant 2.b shutdown

### Check List for Restart

3	Adequacy of Significant Programs and Processes
3.a	Corrective Action Program
3.b	Equipment design qualifications
3.c	Design changes and modifications
3.d	Maintenance programs
3.e	Operability process
3.f	Quality assurance
4	Review of Integrated Performance Improvement Plan
	A COOLING TO DO NOT THE REAL PROPERTY.
5	Assesment of NRC Inspection Procedure 95003 Key Attributes
5.a	Design
5.b	Human performance
5.c	Procedure quality
5.d	Equipment performance
5.e	Configuration control
5.f	Emergency response

5.g	Occupational radiation safety	
5.h	Public radiation safety	
5.i	Security	
6	Licensing Issue Resolution	
6.a	Review of necessary licensing amendments or actions	
6.b	Review of licensing commitments necessary for restart	
7	Readiness for Restart	
7.a	Operations organization ready for restart	
7.b	Systems ready for restart and Mode restraints properly addressed	
7.c	Final review of corrective actions program for restart items	
8	Confirmatory Action Letter Resolution	
8.a	Verification that all restart-related Confirmatory Action Letter items are appropriately resolved	
8.b	Conduct public meeting regarding plant readiness for restart	
9	Final Recommendation for Restart	

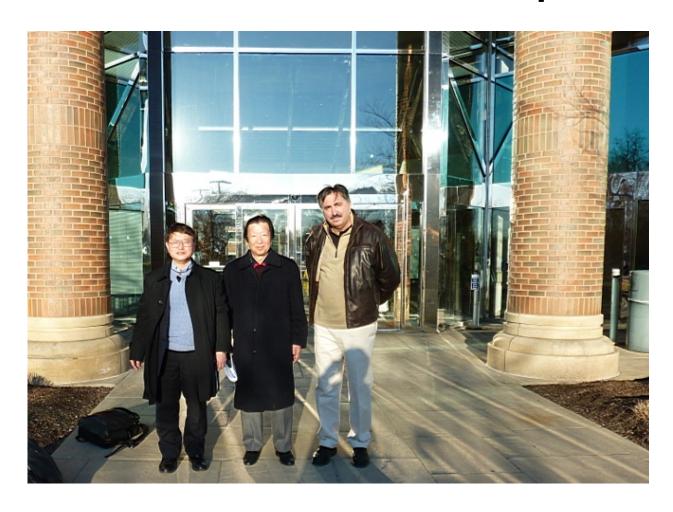
9.a	Manual Chapter 0350 Panel recommends restart to Region IV Administrator. Region IV Administrator obtains concurrence for restart from the Deputy Executive Director for Reactor and Preparedness Programs and the Director of the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.	
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## Peach Bottom Visit 2013. 2. 21

Peach Bottom 2, 3 1170Mw Mk-I BWR-4 1968 First Concrete, 1974 Commercia OperationI

Peach Bottom NPP is the sister plant of Fukushima 2 and 3 which were designed by GE, MK-1 BWR-4 1969 First Concrete 1974 Commercial Operation。

### **EXELON Philadelphia**



#### Peach Bottom NPP



#### **EXELON Peach Bottom NPP**



### Susquehanna River







#### **Emergency Diesel Generator Building**



Water proof doors were installed and Loovers are above



PCV Vent Exhaut Piping is installed on Reactor Building Wall

### Peach Bottom NPP



## Alvin W Vogtle Visit 2013. 2. 22

Vogtle 1,2 1200Mw WH PWR 1987 ,1989 Commercial Operation Vogtle 3,4 1117Mw AP1000 2016,2018 Commercial Operation Passive Reactor

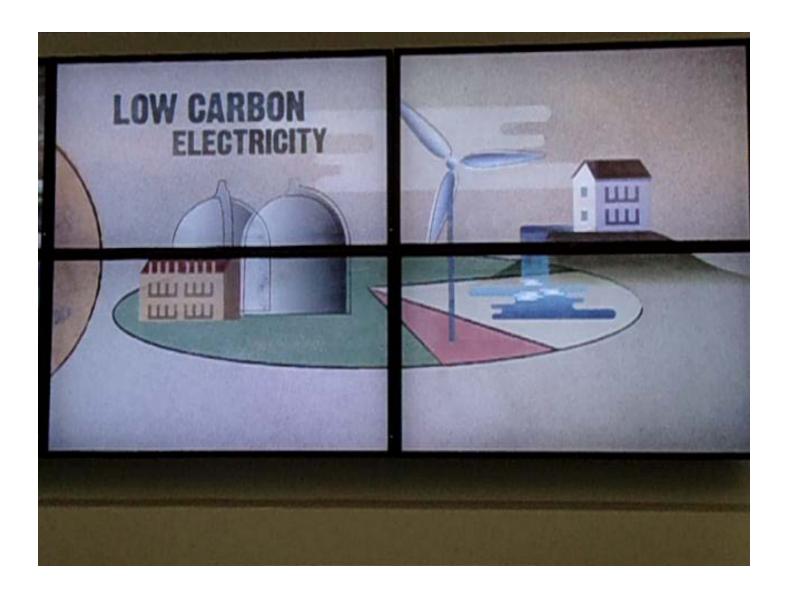












# First Humankind arrives in Georgia 10,000 years ago



# Zion NPP under decommissioning



## Chicago: Zion NPP



### Zion NPP



Total cost of the decommissioning per one unit is 400 Million doller

#### 放射線量「評価は首相官邸に聞いて」…文科省

BI 4 おすすめ 6 あすすめ W チェック 撮 携帯に送る ?

特集 福島原発

文部科学省は16日、事故を起こした福島第一原子力発電所の周辺で屋内 退避の指示が出ている地域で、事故後初めて放射線量を観測した結果を発表 した。

約20キロの地点では、最大で毎時330マイクロ・シーベルトだった。同省は「一般的には高い数値だが、健康への影響があるかどうかなどの評価は首相官邸に聞いてほしい」としている。

胃のX線検診を受けると600マイクロ・シーベルトを浴びるとされ、今回の結果は、その半分程度にあたることになる。同省はすでに首相官邸に報告したとしている。

同省は15日に福島第一原発周辺から半径20~30キロ内で放射線量の測定を始めることを決定。観測車両6台のうち、先着した車両が同日午後8時40分から約10分間、発電所から北西約20キロの福島県浪江町周辺の3地点で観測し、車外で毎時240~330マイクロ・シーベルト、車内で同195~300マイクロ・シーベルトとなった。16日以降、観測地点を変えて引き続き調査を行う。

(2011年3月16日10時48分 読売新聞)



### ElBaradei Calls for Global Dialogue

Sept 11,2012 Memorial Speech at Philadelphia Convention Center

- One of the most important elements of maintaining any close relationship is healthy, open communication.
- If you want Iran to change their behavior, then you better talk to them and the Islamic world.
- Addressing the root of the problem would be finding out if and why Iran would feel like it would need nuclear weapons in the first place.
- US and Russia have 19,000 nuclear weapons which can break the world 10 times. Crazy!



2012. 10. 12 Best Alumni Award from Univ of Michigan

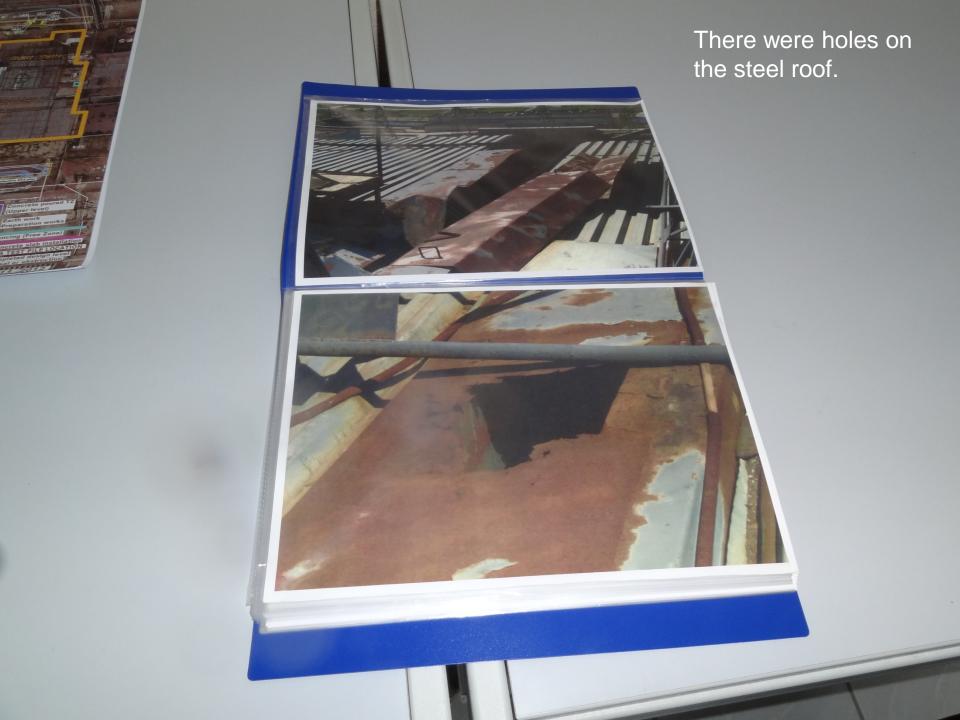
Congratulated by Governer of Michigan State, Mr. Rick Snyder

# Chelnobyl Benchmark Visit on December, 2012













## НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ ІНСТИТУТ СТРАТЕГІЧНИХ ДОСЛІДЖЕНЬ

The Strategic Solution Research Center directly under Ukraine President Dr Olg NASVIT, Dr Volodymyr RYABTSE



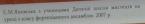














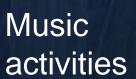
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Дитичої школи мистецтв, переможець конкурсу "Славутичания року – 2005", 2007 р.







RESERVED TO SERVED TO SERVED управліній культурі Київської обласної держав

Ансамбль гіта

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викладач Іллящов

















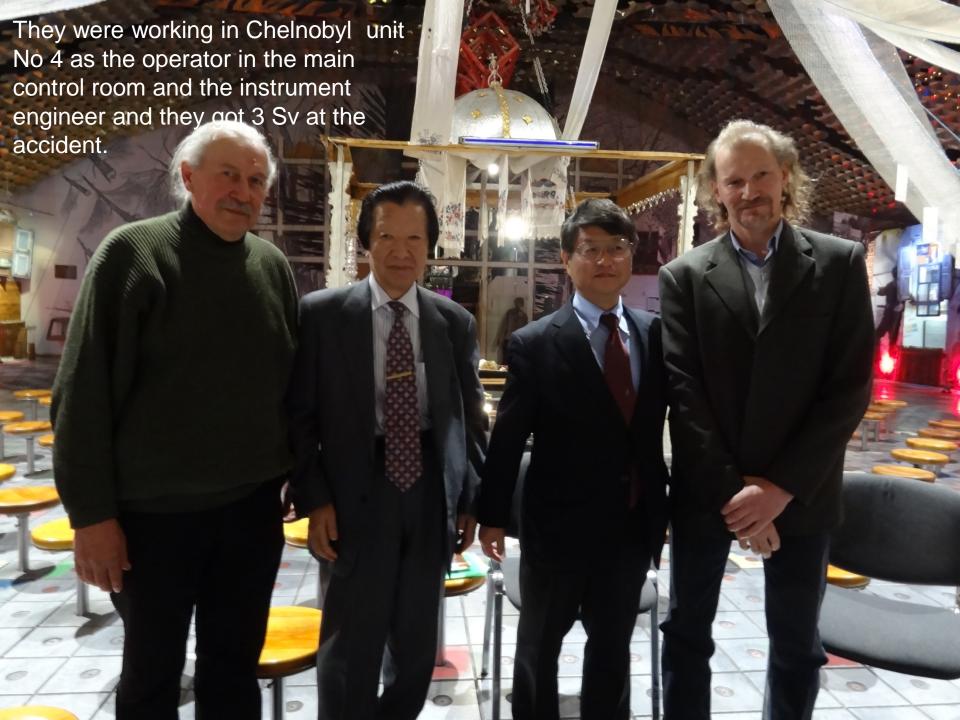


## National Agricultural Radiation Research Cemter Director General Dr. Kashparov









# 4. IAEA Expert Group

IAEA Original English



- This June, IAEA expert group visited Fukushima.
- This group is composed by 18 experts from 12 countries headed by Mr Weightman from HSE, UK.
- There is Jennifer Uhle from USNRC.
- They summarized 15 conclusion and 16 recommendation.

#### MISSION REPORT

THE GREAT EAST JAPAN EARTHQUAKE EXPERT MISSION

IAEA INTERNATIONAL FACT FINDING EXPERT MISSION OF THE FUKUSHIMA DAI-ICHI NPP ACCIDENT FOLLOWING THE GREAT EAST JAPAN EARTHQUAKE AND TSUNAMI

Tokyo, Fukushima Dai-ichi NPP, Fukushima Dai-ni NPP and Tokai Dai-ni NPP, Japan

24 May – 2 June 2011

IAEA MISSION REPORT

DIVISION OF NUCLEAR INSTALLATION SAFETY

DEPARTMENT OF NUCLEAR SAFETY AND SECURITY

1. There is a need to consider the periodic alignment of national regulations in particular of the impact of external hazards.

(every ten years)

For Fukushima, the original design condition of the tsunami was 3.1m high and in 2002 they revised to 5.7m and ACRS member indicated there is the evidence of 15m tsunami at Jorgan Earthquake in 869.

The actual tsunami was 14.5m this time.

### List of earthquakes in Japan

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This is a **list of earthquakes in Japan** with a magnitude of 7.0 or above or which caused significant damage or casualties. As indicated below, magnitude is measured on the Richter magnitude scale  $(M_L)$  or the moment magnitude scale  $(M_W)$ , or the surface wave magnitude scale  $(M_S)$  for very old earthquakes. The present list is not exhaustive and reliable and precise magnitude data is scarce for earthquakes that occurred prior to the development of modern measuring instruments.

This list is incomplete; you can help by expanding it (http://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php? title=List\_of\_earthquakes\_in\_Japan&action=edit).

~BC 200 Year

Yayoi Earthquake

Date 🗷	Magnitude 🖼	Name of quake	Japanese name	Rōmaj
November 29, 684	8.0–8.4 (unknown scale)	Hakuko Nankai earthquake	白鳳南海地震	Hakuko Nankai
June 5, 745	7.9 M <sub>s</sub>	occurred at Minoh		
July13, 869	8.3 M	869 Sanriku earthquake and tsunami	貞観三陸地震	Jōgan s jishin

# 56th Emperor Seiwa

**Present Emperor is 125th.** 

All victims by the Tsunami have no responsibilities.

I have all responsibility because the god punished my activities as the emperor.

Do not take any tax from these areas attacked by the tsunami.

I will pray at Ise Temple and the officers should go there and help

all victims.

Clean up the mass of rubble.



858~876 as Emperor

Jorkan Earthquake and Tsunami attacked the same area in 869.

2. Strengthen the management in the case of the severe accident.

The training and education are very important. In Japan, there is the special training on the severe accident at the job site including the prime minister once a year. But it is a kind of ceremony which means that they do not believe the severe accident really happens. The complicated structures and organizations can result in delay in urgent decision making.

### Who is the boss in the case of SA?

- The site manager called the president and the chairman of TEPCO by phone.
- The prime minister said "I am the expert on the nuke."
- IAEA representative from Slovenia pointed out Japan is such a country where they need the permission from the prime minister to make PCV Vent and insert the water into the core.

We should determine the captain in the case of SA like Mr. Harold Denton at TMI accident and so I invited him to Tokyo last November

3. 2007 IRRS (Integrated Regulatory Review Service) indicated the complicated regulatory organizations.

There is no answer on this issue from Japanese Government.

# JNESで津波事故、解析済み 2007年度 原子力安全基盤機構年報

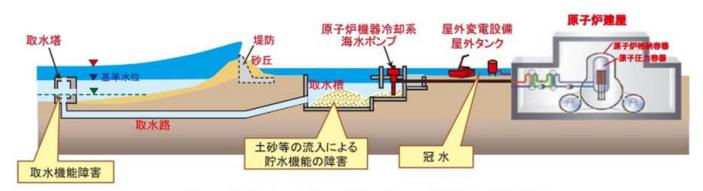
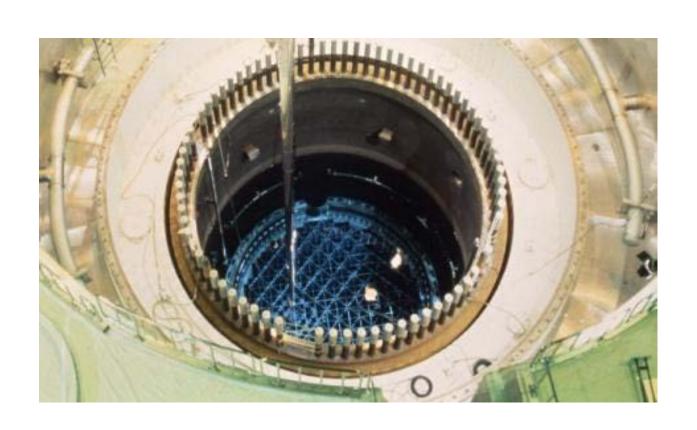


図1 津波遡上が原子炉施設へ与える影響を表す概念図

# 原子炉格納容器フランジ

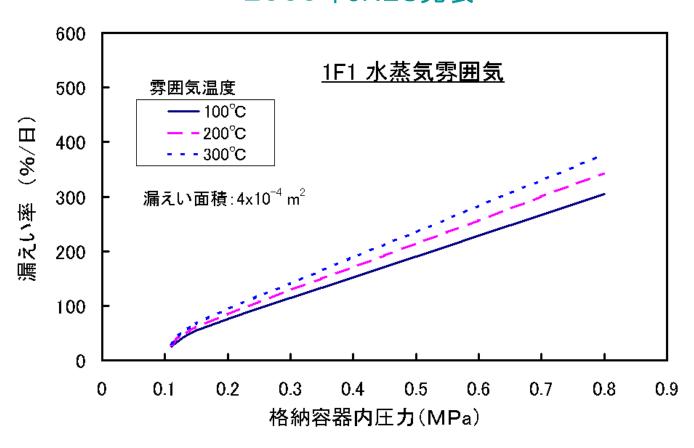


### PCVフランジ部ガスケットの高熱劣化



NUPECの実験で、278度で漏洩

#### PCVフランジからの漏洩 2009年JNES発表





**Mr Andre Lacoste, Chairman of France ASN** 

### ラコステASN長官退任、シュベ氏就任

- ASNを設立し初代の長官として、世界の原子力界をリードした旧 友ラコステ氏が、11月12日退任した。当日パリでは会えなかっ たが今後は福島の教訓の反映で国際貢献するそうである。
- 彼は退任に当たり、次のように述べた。原子力規制は、継続性が必要である。私が退任して、規制の基本が変わってはならないし、変わらないと確信している。
- 原子力の規制は国際的なものに準拠しており、常に国際的な 視野に立つべきである。
- シュベ新長官は、名門のエコール・ポリテクニークを5番以内で卒業したエリートで、ラコステ長官のすぐ下の副長官を勤めており、順当な人事といわれている51歳の若手である。
- 就任の談話がすばらしく、羨ましい限りである。

#### シュベ新長官の談話(2012.11)

- 後継者に与えられる優先課題は、
  - ①長期性の認識、②国際的開放性、及び③組織体制である。
- 私の考えでは、長期的な意識を持つこと、国際情報に通じること、 、及び組織上の事項を考慮に入れることである。
- 長官が交代するから改革が行われるわけではない。切れ目があってはならない、それが長期性を持つ問題にとっての基本事項である。原子力施設の認可は60年から100年に及ぶ約束である。
- 第2の国際性について、ASNは、1つの問題を扱う時、それが海外

で知られているか、またどのように扱われているか自問するように

している。

• 第3点は極めて難しい。我々は、組織がどのように構想(設計)されているかという編成方法について判断を求められている。福島以後、我々は、社会的、組織的及び人的要因に関する考察を深めるよう決意した。



# シュベ新長官の意見(2013.4)

- 「原子力の規制は、国の約束であり、長期的なもので、継続性が 重要である。朝令暮改は先進国のものではない。」
- •私から「地図を見ると国境が存在するが、チェルノビル事故を見ても

原子力には国境はなく、国際的な取り決めが重要である。」との発言

に対し、「水町さんの意見に賛成であり、原子力は、一国の技術では

なく、特に規制は国際的なものでなくてはならない。」と同意された。

「福島の事故に対し、我々もストレス・テストを行い、クリフ・エッジ (最も弱い場所)を見つけ、対策を講じている。しかし、福島の事故 は

日本の独特な文化と組織的なものが、関与していると思われる。」

### **Future Benchmark Visits**

- Sep 21 to 26
   Chelnobyl Revisit with Fukushima people to help them to restore Fukushima area.
- Octoberr

Taiwan is going to have the public election on nuke existence.

Taiwan President Mr Ma asked to make the presentation to support nuke.

Dr Arima ,former Minister of Education,
Mr Akimoto, former President tMitsubishi Material
and I will be invited to Taiwan.

### **Future Benchmark Visits**

Nov 10 to 23

Germany to visit PIJ on PCV Vent System England to discuss with HSE on Severe Accident

France to discuss with ASN and EDF on countermeasure of Fukushima

## Population Increase in the World

- On October, 2011 the total population became
   7 Billion in the world.
- In 1970 there were 3.5 Billion.
- The total population became double in 40 years.
- In 2050, 9 Billion people are expected.
- The most serious issues are energy and food.
- The development of the natural energy are absolutely essential, but they lack the quantity and quality.
- The solar energy is only 2% even in Germany.

### Conolusions

- Japanefse utilities completed countermeasure of Fukushima to prepare to restart their plants which installed the equipment against severe accident.
- Every countries needs safe ,clean and economical electlicity by nuke.
- USNRC made the transparent check list to restart the plant which every country should follow.
- Ukraine created the dreamy city called Slavutych near Chelnobyl before two years after the accident.
- As for the regulation, long term and continuous one is required and international aspect is also important.
- EGSAM should issue the bible how to avoid SA.

