Spread of contamination through goods taken out from RCA - Lessons learned

ISOE EUROPEAN SYMPOSIUM on OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE MANAGEMENT AT NUCLEAR FACILITIES

Cambridge, United Kingdom, 17-19 November 2010



Staffan Hennigor / Johan Uljons Forsmark NPP FQR-2010-0224

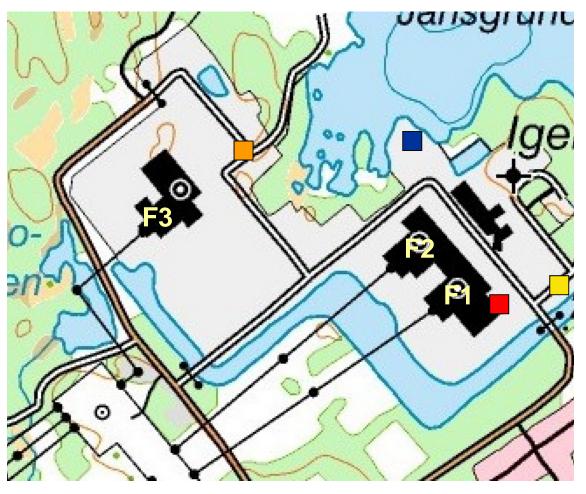


What happened?

- A contaminated car was discovered by the vehicle monitoring system
- The inside of the luggage compartment was found to be contaminated
 - No specific contaminated equipment or goods found
- Suspicion that goods transported from Radiological Controlled Area (RCA) one week earlier was the source of the contamination
 - Suspected goods found in a storage room within the industrial area
 - It was contaminated!
- The goods had been checked for contamination by RP personnel prior to release from RCA
 - The contamination check were done 1 day before the goods were actually taken out from RCA
 - The result of the check were not documented



Geographical orientation



- Vehicle monitors
- Goods taken out from RCA Waste building F1
- Goods found in storage room
- Main gate in to /out from industrial area



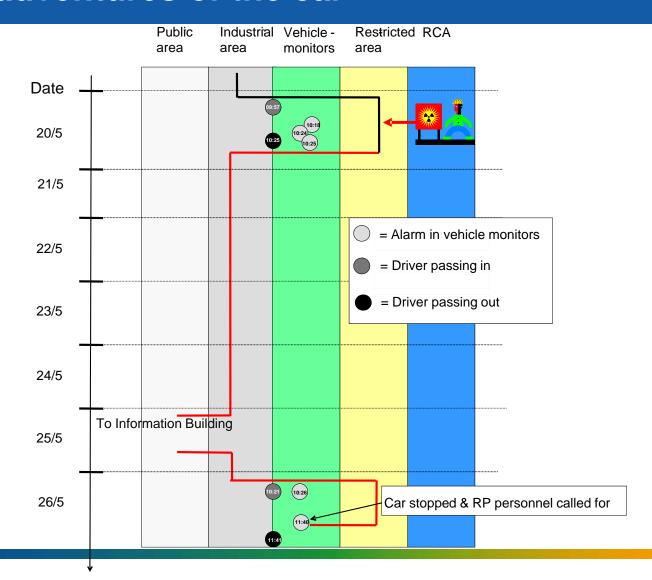
The contaminated goods (1)

- Consisted mainly of
 - some buckets
 - a concrete sack
 - tools for construction work
- Used for construction work within RCA in a room with:
 - equipment connected to the cleaning system for reactor coolant water
 - high probability for surface contamination
- The material used for the job where all taken into RCA prior to work
- After the work had been finished (1 week later):
 - The material checked for contamination & cleared near work place (step-over)
 - The material checked for contamination & cleared at RCA exit point
 - The material were left one day before being taken out from RCA
 - Material taken out without RP personnel being present





The adventures of the car



Activity spread & found

- Contamination were found:
 - In the car
 - Outside the gate where the goods were taken out from RCA
 - Inside & outside the storage room at the industrial area
- A bucket used for mixing concrete showed the highest level of contamination
 - Contact dose rate at bottom ~ 11,5 mSv/h
- Total amount of activity spread from RCA ~ 25 000 kBq
 - Activity mix typical for reactor coolant / ion exchange resins
 - Mainly Co-60, Mn-54, Sb-125
 - All measurements pointed towards a common contamination source





Lessons learned / Countermeasures



- Root causes:
 - The goods were left unattended 1 day between the RP check for contamination and the release from RCA
 - No RP personnel present when goods were taken out from RCA
 - The "original" alarm in the vehicle monitoring station not correctly handled (= security item)
- Immediately procedures for taking goods out from the RCA were revised:
 - Only permitted to take out goods with RP staff present and immediately after the goods has been cleared to be free from contamination



- Other implemented countermeasures:
 - Transports to/from RCA may only be performed at specified times
 - A coordinator for all logistics to/from RCA have been appointed
 - The coordination includes sender of goods, RP personnel, security personal and transportation personal
- Other countermeasures still under consideration:
 - Dedicated storage available within the RCA to minimize the need to take material in and out from RCA
 - A special locked area inside the exit gate for material which shall be transported out from RCA
- Also well noted:
 - This kind of jobs within RCA shall be better planned and risk assessments shall be performed
 - The work supervisors shall be present in the actual work place to monitor work performance to a greater extent



Thanks for Your attention! – Any questions?

