

# 虚拟现实技术在辐射工作组织过程的应用

## The Application of Virtual Reality Technology in Radiation Protection Training

2025年10月

# 目录

## Contents

---

1

项目背景和目标

Project Background and Objectives

2

实施方案

Implementation Plan

3

培训与应用

Training and Application



国之光荣  
郭永华  
一九九二年八月十日

# 1

## 项目背景和目标 Project Background and Objectives

国之光荣  
郭家华  
一九七九年一月十日



## 项目背景

## Project Background

实操培训一定程度上解决了“边做边学”的痛点，但组织难度大、耗费时间长、提升效果慢。

Hands-on training has to some extent addressed the pain point of “learning by doing”, but it is difficult to organize, time-consuming, and slow to yield improvement.

核能行业有大量的辐射工作由劳务输入人员承担，普遍缺乏行业所需的基础知识和技能。

A large number of radiation workers in the nuclear energy industry are undertaken by labor import personnel, who generally lack the basic knowledge and skills required by the industry.

传统培训模式动脑不动手，到了工作现场依然不知道该怎么使用防护装备，只能在实践中“边做边学”。

Traditional training methods engage the mind but not the hands, leaving workers unprepared to use protective equipment on the job—forcing them to “learn by doing” in practice.

# 项目背景 Project Background

## 行业现状与痛点 Industry Status and Pain Points

- 理论学习多，动手实践少，缺乏实用工具，培训成本高、效率低

There is an emphasis on theoretical learning, with limited hands-on practice. There is a lack of practical tools, leading to high training costs and low efficiency.

- 实操与理论缺乏有机联系，实操能力不强

There is a lack of organic connection between practical operation and theory, resulting in weak practical ability.

- 培训周期长，知识、技能巩固效率低

The training cycle is lengthy, leading to inefficiencies in consolidating knowledge and skills.

- 学员学习方式被动，主动性不强，学习效率低

The learning method of the trainees is passive, with weak initiative and low learning efficiency.

- 实操培训覆盖面窄，未充分满足技能培训期望

The practical training coverage is narrow, and it does not fully meet the expectations of skill training

# 项目目标 Project Objectives

## 辐射防护绩效

### Radiation Protection Performance



# 2

## 实施方案

## Implementation Plan

国之光荣  
郭永祥  
一九七九年一月十日

# 实施方案 Implementation Plan



## 平台 Platform

- 利用公司网络平台或虚拟现实设备（办公电脑、平板电脑）
- Utilize corporate network platforms or virtual reality devices (e.g., office computers, tablet PCs).



## 方式 Method

- 基于虚拟现实技术，以游戏化故事线模拟辐射工作组织过程
- VR-based simulated radiological operations featuring gamified storylines.



## 特点 Feature

- 学员无需进入辐射控制区
- Personnel can complete training without entering controlled radiation zones.
- 提供贴近现实的辐射防护技能培训场景
- Deliver immersive training environments for radiological protection skills.



## 功能 function

- 针对不同阶段的培训对象设置多条故事线
- Set up varied scenario paths for diverse learner levels.
- 学员根据故事线式培训任务做相应的响应
- Trainees execute corresponding responses to storyline-based training tasks.
- 人员行为判定和自动计分考核功能。
- Automated behavior assessment and scoring function.

### 辐射工作组织过程虚拟培训系统

### Virtual Training System for Radiological Work Processes

# 实施方案 Implementation Plan

开发一种具有以下特点的培训方式：

## Project Features

- 学员在办公电脑上即可联网进入3D仿真场景像玩第一人称视角游戏一样进行培训；

Trainees can access networked 3D simulation environments via office computers, engaging in first-person perspective training akin to interactive gaming experiences.

- 培训设置多条故事线，每条故事线针对不同阶段的培训对象覆盖不同任务；

The system incorporates branched storylines tailored to different training phases, with each narrative path covering distinct tasks for targeted trainee groups.

- 根据预设的故事线式培训任务让学员做相应的响应；

Trainees execute context-specific responses based on predefined storyline tasks, simulating real-world decision-making processes.

- 结合使用视频图像识别等多媒体技术手段，实现培训过程中的人员行为判定和自动计分考核功能。

Multimedia technologies (e.g., video analytics and image recognition) enable automated behavioral evaluation and scoring during training exercises.

# 3

## 培训与应用

## Training and Application

国之光荣  
郭家华  
一九九二年一月十日

# 培训内容 Training Content

## 进出卫生出入口

## 放射性污染控制

## 辐射剂量控制

### 辐射控制区出入控制

#### Radiological Controlled Area Access and Egress Control

- 掌握进、出辐射控制的基本技能
  - 电子剂量计和基本防护用品的使用
  - 仪表物资借用
  - 辐射防护标识和行为规范认知
  - 出入控制系统的使用
- a) Executing access/egress protocols under timed conditions.
  - b) Interpreting dosimeter readings against action levels.
  - c) Responding to access control system alerts.

### 放射性污染控制

#### Radioactive Contamination Control

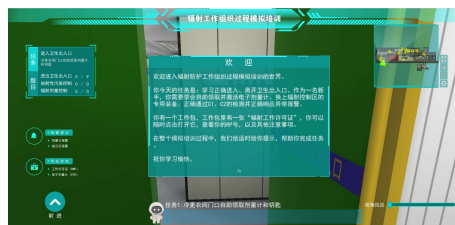
- 污染隔离区的建立
  - 污染隔离区的进出及作业
  - 各类附加防护用品的使用
  - 污染隔离区内的作业行为控制
  - 放射性污染处理、放射性物品的分类、收集、转运、贮存
- a) Establishment of contamination control zones.
  - b) Access/Egress and operations within control zones.
  - c) Utilization of supplementary protective equipment.
  - d) Behavioral control for work in contaminated areas.
  - e) Radioactive material management.

### 辐射剂量控制

#### Radiological Dose Control

- “辐射工作许可证”实施和工作号切换
  - 辐射防护控制点执行
  - 便携式辐射仪表的使用及现场测量
  - 作业剂量预估及电子剂量计报警响应
  - 铅衣使用及低剂量区待命
- a) RWP Implementation & work Order Switching.
  - b) Radiological protection control points execution.
  - c) Portable survey meters operation & field radiation surveys.
  - d) Dose projection & EPD alarm response.
  - e) Lead apron utilization & cold zone standby.

## 进入辐射控制区 Access to the RCA



任务说明  
Explain the Task



个人剂量计借用  
Check-out of Personal Dosimeters



个人剂量计开启  
Activation of Personal Dosimeters

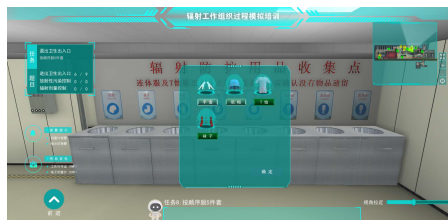


防护用品穿戴  
Donning of PPE

## 离开辐射控制区 Egress from the RCA



衣物污染测量  
Measuring Clothing Contamination



脱除控制区衣物  
Remove the Clothes in the RCA



随身物品测量  
Measuring Personal Belongings



个人剂量计归还  
Check-in of Personal Dosimeters



体表污染测量  
Personal Contamination Monitoring

# 培训考核 Training Assessment

考核人员管理  
Assessor  
Management

考试科目配置  
Examination Subject  
Configuration

考核数据生成  
Generate  
Assessment Data



# THANKS

# FOR WATCHING

请各位专家领导指正

谢谢观看



勇做新时代核电领跑者

# 中国核电从这里起步

秦山  
一九五七年七月十三日

